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1. CODE REGISTRY

Code	Description	Dimensions (mm)	Color	Unit	Pkg. / Pallet
TER11-3400	SGR-UNI Universal Helicoidal Anchor	From 100 to 400	Blue	рс.	150 pc. / 4.800 pc.
TER11-3401	Regulation bar	-	-	рс.	1 pc./-
TER11-3402	Finishing plug	-	-	рс.	150 pc. / 36.000 pc.

- MATERIAL The anchor is made of PA (polyamide)
 - Expansion body in PP and fixing screw in galvanized steel
 - The regulation bar is made of galvanized steel
 - The finishing plug in EPS (polystyrene)

2. DESCRIPTION

Anchor with 67 mm helical body with integrated expansion body ø 8 mm and fixing screw (torx 30).

A single size for panels from 100mm up to 400mm thickness, applicable on various types of insulation:

- PUR boards
- Mineral fibre boards
- EPS boards
- Phenolic resin boards

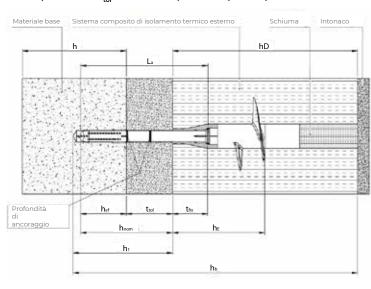
The product guarantees the absence of thermal bridge (Value 0.000W / K) and can be used both on new buildings and on the renovation of existing buildings, compliant with ETAG014, and can be used on supports of classes A, B, C, D and E.

3. USE

Used for mechanical anchoring of insulating panels (although minerals, EPS, phenolic resin) and for the main types of masonry, supporting the load and stress of traction "to tear".

4. FEATURES

Tolerance compensation $t_{tol} di \le 40 mm$ (with old plaster)



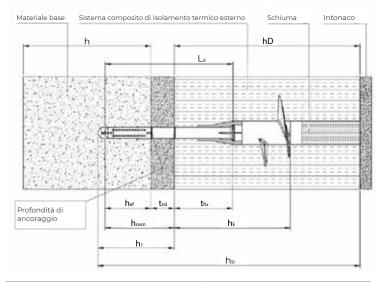
Maximum tolerance compensatione t _{tol}	≤ 20 mm (adhesive and old render)
Effective anchoring depth h _{ef}	≥ 50 mm (in the supporting substrate)
Dowel load class	≥ 0.20 kN / dowel (in concrete, solid
	brick and hollow brick,
	lightweight aggregate concrete and
	autoclaved aerated
	concrete)

Category of use A-B-C-D-E effective anchorage depth = 30 mm overall plastic anchor embedment depth in the base material with non-load-bearing layer (t,o) h, depth of drilled hole to deepest point h thickness of member (wall thickness of insulation material h = thickness of equalizing layer and/or non-load-bearing layer (0 - 40 mm) = position of screw plate h_e overall depth of the helicoidal anchors h_b = total borehole depth L_a total length of anchor with screw

For an average tolerance compensation of $t_{tol} \leq 40$ mm (adhesive and old render), the stop washer must be positioned on the setting tool so that the user can see the label "Old building / Old Render" during installation.



Tolerance compensation t_{tol} di \leq 20mm



Maximum tolerance compensation t _{tol}	≤ 20 mm (adhesive and old render)
Effective anchoring depth h _{ef}	≥ 50 mm (in the supporting substrate)
Dowel load class	≥ 0.20 kN / dowel (in concrete, solid
	brick and hollow brick,
	lightweight aggregate concrete and
	autoclaved aerated
	concrete)

Categor	Category of use		A-B-C-D-E	D-E	
h _{ef} [mm]	=		30	50	
h _{nom}	=		overall plastic anchor embedment base material with non-load-bearin		
h ₁	=	depth of d	depth of drilled hole to deepest point		
h	=	thickness of member (wall)			
h _d	=	thickness of insulation material			
t _{tol}	=	thickness of equalizing layer and/or non-lo- ad-bearing layer (0 - 40 mm)			
t _{fix}	=	position of	position of screw plate		
h _e	=	total depth of the helical dowel			
h _b	=	total depth of hole			
La	=	total lengtl	total length of the dowel with screw		

For an average tolerance compensation of $t_{tol} \leq 20$ mm (adhesive and old render), the stop washer must be positioned on the setting tool so that the label "new building" is visible to the user during installation. This increases the effective anchoring depth to hef \geq 50 mm and the anchor load class \geq 0.20 kN / anchor.



USAGE

Screwed-in anchor for fixing external thermal insulation composite systems for insulation thicknesses of 100-400 mm with plaster layer in concrete, solid brick, hollow bricks, lightweight aggregate concrete and autoclaved aerated

concrete

CHARACTERISTICS • Recessed installation in the insulation material to avoid dowel plates.

 $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Only one dowel length for all insulation materials and all substrates.

Clean cutting of the screwdriver into the insulation panel.
Secure anchoring of the screw dowel in the substrate.

Secure anchoring of the screw dowel in the substrate.

· No reduction of the U-value at CHI value 0.000 W / K.

THERMAL BRIDGE EFFECT Point-shaped heat loss coefficient (Chi value) according to EOTA Technical Report TR025

Chi value 0.000 W / K from 100 mm (foam filling) Chi value 0.000 W / K from 150 mm (Styrofoam insulation plug)

SUBSOILThe substrate must have a sufficient load bearing capacity for the anchoring of the screw dowels. In the case of undefined subsoils, the characteristic load bearing capacity of the dowels may be determined by building site tests

according to ETAG 014.

APPLICATIONThe dowel may only be used to transfer wind loads and not to transfer the inherent loads of the thermal insulation

composite system.

ACCESSORIES Setting tool SW 14 with Torx Bit T30 made of steel, blue chromated.

Stop washer ø 60 mm made of polypropylene PP. Insulation plug ø 23/21 mm made of polystyrene.

TENSION LO	DAD N _{RK} FOR EACH SINGLE ANCHOR ACCORDING	TO ETA-15/0305			
Category	Base material*	Drill method	h _{ef} (mm)**	N _{RK} (kN)	Tension load N _{rd} (kN)
Α	Concrete C12/15			1,50	0,50
Α	Concrete, C16/20 - C50/60			1,50	0,50
В	Sand-lime solid brick, KS			1,50	0,50
В	Clay bricks, Mz	Hammer drilling		1,50	0,50
В	Lightweight concrete block, Vbl 2			0,75	0,25
В	Lightweight concrete block, Vbl 4			1,20	0,40
С	Vertically perforated clay brick, HIz		30	0,90	0,30
С	Vertically perforated sand-lime bricks, KSL	Rotary drilling	30	1,50	0,50
С	Lightweight concrete hollow block, 4K Hbl			0,75	0,25
С	Lightweight concrete hollow block, 1K Hbl			0,90	0,30
С	Vertically perforated clay brick, HIz			0,50	0,167
D	Lightweight aggregate concrete LAC 4	1.11		0,40	0,10
D	Lightweight aggregate concrete LAC 6	Hammer drilling		0,50	0,167
E	Autoclaved aerated concrete, PP4-05	Rotary drilling		0,30	0,10
D	Lightweight aggregate concrete LAC 4	1.30		0,90	0,30
D	Lightweight aggregate concrete LAC 6	Hammer drilling	50	1,20	0,40
E	Autoclaved aerated concrete, PP4-05	Rotary drilling		0,75	0,25

^{*} Minimum compressive strength [N/mm2] and bulk density class [kg/dm3]

 N_{pk} in [kN] = Characteristic resistance to tension loads according to ETA-15/0305

 $Nrd = N_{_{Rk}}/(\,\gamma M * \gamma F\,)$

 γM = material safety factor for the anchor base according to ETAG 014 (γM = 2.0)

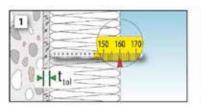
 γF = safety factor for the impact (wind loads γF = 1.5)

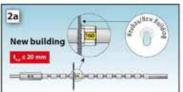


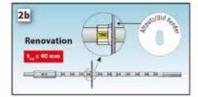
^{**} $\rm h_{\rm ef}$ [mm] = effective anchorage depth in the load-bearing substrate without $\rm t_{\rm tol}$

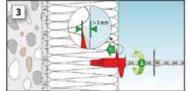
 T_{tol} = thickness of equalizing layer and/or non-load-bearing layer

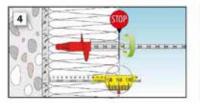
Setting temperature	da 0° C a +40°C
TStorage temperature	da 0° C a +24°C (maximum long-term temperature)
UV exposure	≤ 6 weeks for rendered façade
Setting tool with stop washer	Setting tool for screwing the sprial into the insulation panel and for screwing the screw dowel into the substrate.
MInimum drill hole depth	Insulation thickness + 60 mm for stop washer 'New Building / New Building'
	Insulation thickness + 80 mm for stop washer 'Old Render / Old Render'
Cordless screwdriver	For assembly, use an 18V or 22V cordless screwdriver. When screwing the spiral into the insulation material, set the maximum torque (drilling) and maximum speed (stage 2 or 3). When screwing the dowel screw into hollow and perforated blocks, gradually reduce the tightening torque until the slip clutch is activated.
Hammer drills	Drill hole diameter: Ø 8 mm Cutting diameter of drills: 8.45 mm Drill holes through the sprial perpendicular to the surface of the insulation into the substrate.
Drilling method	Drill the drill holes in hollow and perforated blocks as well as in aerated concrete only without turning the drill (without drilling). If the load-bearing behaviour of the screw-on dowels is assessed on-site by pull-out tests, the hammer or hammer drilling method may also be used for perforated blocks and aerated concrete.

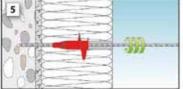


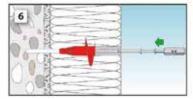


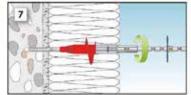


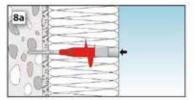


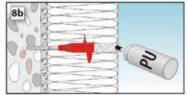












Minimum number of anchors/m2 depending on wind load we according to national technical approval Z-21.2-2052

EPS e PUR boards with ≥ 100 kPa (see national technical approval z-21.2-2052)

Cat.	h _{ef} ** (mm)	Tension load [kN]	Wind load w _e up to kN/m²				
			-0,80	-1,20	-1,50	1,80	-2,10
A,B,C	30	≥ 0,20	4	6	8	10	12
D	30	≥ 0,167	6	8	10	12	12
Е	30	≥ 0,10	8	12	-	-	-
Е	50	≥ 0,20	4	6	8	10	12

Phenolic resin rigid foam boards with ≥60 kPa (see national technical approval z-21.2-2052)

Cat.	h _{ef} ** (mm)	Tension load	Wind load w _e up to a kN/m²				
			-0,70	-1,10	-1,40	1,70	-1,90
A,B,C	30	≥ 0,20	4	6	8	10	12
D	30	≥ 0,167	4	6	8	10	12
D,E	30	≥ 0,20	4	6	8	10	12

MIneral fibre boards with ≥5 kPa (approval in preparation)

Cat.	h _{ef} ** (mm)	Tension load	Wind load w _e up to a kN/m²				
			-0,48	-0,72	-0,96	1,20	-1,44
A,B,C,D	30	≥ 0,12	,	6	0	10	10
D,E	50	≥ 0,12	4	6	8	10	12

^{**} h_{ef} (mm) = effective anchorage depth in the load-bearing substrate without t_{to}

T_{tol} = thickness of equalizing layer and/or non-load-bearing layer (adhesive and old render)

Number of dowels per m ²	Dowel arrangement	Number of dowels per m ²	Dowel arrangement
4		10	
6		12	
8		its basic suitability for this dow	nor, the insulation panel type must be tested for el type. laterial may only be damaged to a small extent

Nominal values of the point thermal transmittance according to EOTA Technical report TR 025					
Point thermal transmittance χ [W/K]					
Thickness of insulating layer $100 \le h < 150 \text{ mm}$	Thickness of insulating layer $150 \le h \le 460 \text{ mm}$				
0.001	0				

Nominal values of the point thermal transmittance according to EOTA Technical report TR 025
Point thermal transmittance χ [W/K]
Thickness of insulating layer $100 \le h \le 460 \text{ mm}$
0

5. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

Specification	Description	Unity	Price
	Supply and installation of anchor with 67 mm helical body with integrated expansion body ø 8 mm and fixing screw (torx 30). Used for mechanical anchoring of insulating panels (although minerals, EPS, phenolic resin) and for the main types of masonry, supporting the load and stress of traction "to tear".		
Dak.B.TER11.34xx	Material: - The anchor is made of PA (polyamide) - Expansion body in PP and fixing screw in galvanized steel - The regulation bar is made of galvanized steel - The finishing plug in EPS (polystyrene)	-	-
Dak.B.TER11.3400	Universal helicoidal anchor	рс.	-
Dak.B.TER11.3401	Regulation bar	рс.	-
Dak.B.TER11.3402	Finishing plug	pc.	-